

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>Electrical Solder (Rosin Core) - 0.6 oz / 17 g</b>
<b>Other means of identification</b>	
<b>Product code</b>	WC059 / RCS060
<b>Recommended use</b>	Soldering
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	Uses other than the recommended use.
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>	
<b>Manufacturer/Supplier</b>	Worthington Enterprises
<b>Address</b>	200 Old Wilson Bridge Road Columbus, OH 43085 United States of America
<b>E-mail</b>	SDSRequest@WTHG.com
<b>Telephone</b>	1-866-928-2657
<b>Emergency telephone</b>	CHEMTREC - 24 HOURS: Within US and Canada 800-424-9300 Outside US and Canada +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Hazards for the product as sold</b>	
<b>Physical hazards</b>	Not classified.
<b>Hazards for the product as sold</b>	
<b>Health hazards</b>	Not classified.
<b>Hazards for the product as sold</b>	
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 3 hazard
<b>Hazards for the product as sold</b>	
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Combustible dust
<b>Label elements</b>	
<b>Hazard symbol</b>	None.
<b>Signal word</b>	Warning
<b>Hazard statement</b>	May form combustible dust concentrations in air. Harmful to aquatic life.
<b>Precautionary statement</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	Prevent dust accumulation to minimize explosion hazard. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
<b>Response</b>	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use special powder against metal fires, dry sand to extinguish.
<b>Storage</b>	Not assigned.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)</b>	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of rosin fumes from rosin cored solders can cause allergic reaction (symptoms include wheezing and asthma).
<b>Supplemental information</b>	Molten material will produce thermal burns.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Tin	7440-31-5	97 - 99
Rosin	8050-09-7	1 - 3
Copper	7440-50-8	0.1 - 1

**Composition comments** All concentrations are in percent by weight.

#### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	In case of inhalation of dust or fumes: Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. If burned by contact with molten material, cool as quickly as possible with cold water. Do not peel material from skin. Get medical attention for thermal burn.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Do not rub eyes. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Heating above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular pain. Typical metal fume fever begins four to twelve hours after sufficient exposure to freshly formed fumes. The first symptoms are a metallic taste, dryness and irritation of the throat. Cough and shortness of breath may occur along with headache, fatigue, nausea, vomiting, muscle and joint pain, fever and chills. The syndrome runs its course in 24-48 hours. Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns which may result in permanent damage.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Treat symptomatically.
<b>General information</b>	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Special powder against metal fires. Dry sand. Apply extinguishing media carefully to avoid creating airborne dust. Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media. Hot molten material will react violently with water resulting in spattering and fuming.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Explosion hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Contact with acids will release flammable hydrogen gas. During fire, hazardous combustion products are released that may include: Fumes of metal oxides.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Solid metal is not flammable; however, finely divided metallic dust or powder may form an explosive mixture with air.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use only non-sparking tools. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of dust. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
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**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

Pick up mechanically. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Recover and recycle, if practical.

For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

**7. Handling and storage****Precautions for safe handling**

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid significant deposits of material, especially on horizontal surfaces, which may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds and may contribute to secondary explosions. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Handling and processing operations should be conducted in accordance with 'best practices' (e.g. NFPA-654). Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection****Occupational exposure limits****US. OSHA Table Z-1 Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	PEL	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Dust and mist.
		0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume.
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	PEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume.
Rosin (CAS 8050-09-7)	TWA	0.001 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.

**NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH) Values, as amended**

Components	Type	Value
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	IDLH	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	IDLH	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Dust and mist.
		0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume.
Rosin (CAS 8050-09-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Biological limit values**

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen-deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment).
<b>Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment</b>	
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Other</b>	Wear suitable protective clothing.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. In the United States of America, if respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134. Appropriate respirator selection should be made by a qualified professional.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Heat resistant/insulated gloves and clothing are recommended when working with molten material.
<b>General hygiene considerations</b>	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	Solid.
<b>Form</b>	Solid wire with internal flux core.
<b>Color</b>	Gray to silver.
<b>Odor</b>	None.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	440.6 °F (227 °C)
<b>Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	4544.6 °F (2507 °C)
<b>Flammability</b>	Solid metal is not flammable; however, finely divided metallic dust or powder may form an explosive mixture with air.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Explosive limit - lower (%)</b>	Property has not been measured.
<b>Explosive limit - upper (%)</b>	Property has not been measured.
<b>Flash point</b>	Property has not been measured.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Property has not been measured.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not applicable as the product is not unstable.
<b>pH</b>	Not applicable (material is insoluble in water).
<b>Kinematic viscosity</b>	Not applicable, material is a solid.
<b>Solubility</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Insoluble in water.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not applicable, product is a mixture.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	Not applicable, material is a solid.

**Density and/or relative density**

**Relative density** Property has not been measured.

**Vapor density** Not applicable, material is a solid.

**Particle characteristics**

**Particle size** Property has not been measured.

**Other information**

**Explosive properties** Not explosive.

**Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

**10. Stability and reactivity**

**Reactivity** The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability** Material is stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** Contact with strong acids will release highly flammable hydrogen gas.

**Conditions to avoid** Contact with incompatible materials. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid molten metal contact with water.

**Incompatible materials** Acids. Chlorine. Strong oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous decomposition products** Toxic metal oxides are emitted when heated above the melting point.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on likely routes of exposure**

**Inhalation** Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the respiratory tract. Inhalation of powder or fumes may cause metal fume fever.

**Skin contact** Dust or powder may irritate the skin. Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns.

**Eye contact** Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eyes.

**Ingestion** Dust: May cause discomfort if swallowed.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics** Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Heating above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular pain. Typical metal fume fever begins four to twelve hours after sufficient exposure to freshly formed fumes. The first symptoms are a metallic taste, dryness and irritation of the throat. Cough and shortness of breath may occur along with headache, fatigue, nausea, vomiting, muscle and joint pain, fever and chills. The syndrome runs its course in 24-48 hours. Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns which may result in permanent damage.

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity** Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Components	Species	Test Results
Rosin (CAS 8050-09-7)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	2800 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Fumes released during thermal processing may cause eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization****ACGIH sensitization**

Resin acids, as total Resin Acids, inhalable fraction      Dermal sensitization

(CAS 8050-09-7)

Respiratory sensitization

<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not classified.
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	Not classified.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
<b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>	
Not listed.	
<b>NTP Report on Carcinogens</b>	
Not listed.	
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)</b>	
Not listed.	
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not relevant, due to the form of the product.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of rosin fumes from rosin cored solders can cause allergic reaction (symptoms include wheezing and asthma). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. Long-term exposure to copper compounds may cause anemia.

## 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity		Harmful to aquatic life.	
Components		Species	Test Results
Rosin (CAS 8050-09-7)			
Acute			
	EC50	activated sludge	> 10000 mg/l, 3 Hours
Aquatic			
Acute			
Algae	EL50	Raphidocelis subcapitata	> 1000 mg/l, 72 Hours
	NOELR	Raphidocelis subcapitata	1000 mg/l, 72 Hours
Crustacea	EL50	Daphnia magna	911 mg/l, 48 Hours
Fish	LL50	Danio rerio	> 1 - 10 mg/l, 96 Hours
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.		
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.		
Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)			
Rosin (CAS 8050-09-7)	3 - 6.2		
Mobility in soil	The product is insoluble in water. Not expected to be mobile in soil.		
Other adverse effects	No data available for this product.		

## 13. Disposal considerations

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

**Waste from residues / unused products**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.

**Contaminated packaging**

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

**14. Transport information**

**DOT**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IATA**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IMDG**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** Not applicable.

**15. Regulatory information**

**US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**

Not regulated.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Listed

**SARA 304 Emergency release notification**

Not regulated.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)**

Not listed.

**Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)** All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated "active".

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**

**SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**

Not listed.

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** Yes

**Classified hazard categories** Combustible dust  
Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

**SARA 313 (TRI reporting)**

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Copper	7440-50-8	0.1 - 1

**Other federal regulations**

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Not regulated.

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)**

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.

**US state regulations**

**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)

**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)

**US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law**

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Rosin (CAS 8050-09-7)

Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Rosin (CAS 8050-09-7)

Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)

#### California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	07-August-2025
Revision date	-
Version #	01
Further information	Refer to: OSHA 3371-08 2009, Hazard Communication Guidance for Combustible Dusts NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids

E - Safety Glasses, Gloves, Dust Respirator

#### HMIS® ratings

Health: 1  
Flammability: 2  
Physical hazard: 0  
Personal protection: E

#### NFPA ratings



#### Disclaimer

Worthington Enterprises cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.