

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Model PC-3
Other means of identification	
SDS number	WC046
Recommended use	Brazing rod.
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information
Manufacturer/Supplier	Worthington Industries Incorporated
Address	200 Old Wilson Bridge Road
	Columbus, OH 43085
	United States
Email:	cylinders@worthingtonindustries.com
Telephone Number:	866-928-2657
CHEMTREC - 24 HOURS:	
Within US and Canada	800-424-9300
Outside US and Canada	+1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)
2. Hazard(s) identification	
Physical hazards	Not classified.
Health hazards	Not classified.
Environmental hazards	Not classified.
Label elements	
Hazard symbol	None.
Signal word	None.
Hazard statement	Very toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Response	Wash thoroughly after handling.
Storage	Store away from incompatible materials.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Other hazards	None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
COPPER, ELEMENTAL	7440-50-8	80-95
SILVER, ELEMENTAL	7440-22-4	0-15
Phosphorous	7723-14-0	5-7.5

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Immediately remove from further exposure. Get immediate medical assistance. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. Give supplemental oxygen, if available. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Skin contact	Contact with dust: Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If skin rash or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.
Eye contact	Contact with dust: Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Ingestion	Immediately rinse mouth and drink a cupful of water. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical personnel. Get medical attention immediately.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Symptoms may include redness, oedema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhoea. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Symptoms may include coughing, difficulty breathing and shortness of breath. Overexposure to copper fumes may cause fever, chills, congestion and headaches.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.
Unsuitable extinguishing	Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media.

Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Fire or high temperatures create: Metal oxides.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.
General fire hazards	Solid metal is not flammable; however, finely divided metallic dust or powder may form an explosive mixture with air.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this SDS. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
	For a dry material spill, use a HEPA (high efficiency particle air) vacuum to collect material and place in a sealable container for disposal. Avoid dust formation. Recover and recycle, if practical. Keep out of water supplies and sewers.
Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Avoid inhalation of dust and fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not get this material on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.
	Any surface that comes in contact with molten metal must be preheated or specially coated and rust free. Inadvertent contaminants to product such as moisture, ice, snow, grease, or oil can cause an explosion when charged to a molten metal bath or metal furnace (preheating metal will remove moisture from product).
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
COPPER, ELEMENTAL (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
SILVER, ELEMENTAL (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Dust and fume.

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
COPPER, ELEMENTAL (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
SILVER, ELEMENTAL (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
COPPER, ELEMENTAL (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
SILVER, ÉLEMENTAL (CAS 7440-22-4)	STEL	0.03 mg/m3	
()	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
SILVER, ELEMENTAL (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Dust and fume.

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
COPPER, ELEMENTAL (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
SILVER, ELEMENTAL (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Dust and fume.

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labour - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
COPPER, ELEMENTAL (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
,		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
SILVER, ELEMENTAL (CAS 7440-22-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted	for the ingredient(s).	

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Exposure guidelines	No exposure standards allocated.	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimise the risk of inhalation of dust. Keep melting/soldering temperatures as low as possible to minimize the generation of fume. Shower, hand and eye washing facilities near the workplace are recommended.	
Individual protection measures	, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Wear a face shield when working with molten material.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves (i.e. latex, nitrile, neoprene).	
Other	Chemical resistant clothing is recommended.	
Respiratory protection	Use a respirator when local exhaust or ventilation is not adequate to keep exposures below the OEL. In a confined space a supplied respirator may be required. Selection and use of respiratory protective equipment should be in accordance with OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910.134; or in Canada with CSA Standard Z94.4. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.	
Thermal hazards	Heat resistant/insulated gloves and clothing are recommended when working with molten material.	
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.	

9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Rod. Strips.
Colour	Copper.
Odour	Odourless.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	1083 °C (1981.4 °F) Copper
Initial boiling point and boiling range	2300 °C (4172 °F) Copper
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Fine particles may form explosive mixtures with air.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	plosive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%) temperature	Not applicable.
Explosive limit – upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%) temperature	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	1 @1628°C Copper
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Relative density	8.9 (H2O=1) Copper
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not soluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature Viscosity	Not available. Not available.
Other information	
Specific gravity	8.9
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid molten metal contact with water.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Oxidizers. Halogens. Acid chlorides.
Hazardous decomposition products	Toxic metal oxides are emitted when heated above the melting point.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Lung damage and possible pulmonary edema can result from dust exposure. Inhalation of fumes may cause a flu-like illness called metal fume fever.
Skin contact	Dust may irritate skin. Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns.
Eye contact	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye.
Ingestion	Ingestion of dusts generated during working operations may cause nausea and vomiting. Copper poisoning can result in hemolytic anemia and kidney, liver and spleen damage.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	High concentrations of freshly formed fumes/dusts of metal oxides can produce symptoms of metal fume fever. When heated, the vapours/fumes given off may cause respiratory tract irritation. Acute overexposure to Copper dust/fume can cause irritation of the eyes, nose, throat, and skin and under severe fume overexposure can cause metal fume fever with flu-like symptoms such as sweet metal taste, dry throat, coughing, fever and chills, tight chest, dyspnea, headache, blurred vision, back pain, nausea, vomiting, fatigue. Symptoms usually disappear within 24 hours. Copper may cause skin and hair discoloration. Inhalation of copper dusts may change the gums and mucous lining of the mouth which is generally attributable to localized tissue effect rather than general toxicity.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Dust may irritate skin.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye.
Respiratory or skin sensitisatior	1
Respiratory sensitisation	No sensitising effects known.
Skin sensitisation	No sensitising effects known.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not relevant, due to the form of the product.
Chronic effects	Ingestion of silver may cause a permanently benign bluish gray discoloration to the skin (argyria).
Further information	No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment.
Persistence and degradability	The product is not biodegradable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment.
Other adverse effects	None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Hazardous waste code	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Scrapped material should be sent for refining to recover precious metal content. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its hazardous characteristics, including fire and explosion, should be determined prior to disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

TDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS **Canadian regulations** contains all the information required by the HPR. **Controlled Drugs and Substances Act** Not regulated. Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3) Not listed. **Greenhouse Gases** Not listed. **Precursor Control Regulations** Phosphorous (CAS 7723-14-0) Class A International regulations **Stockholm Convention** Not applicable. **Rotterdam Convention** Not applicable. Kyoto protocol Not applicable. **Montreal Protocol** Not applicable. **Basel Convention** Not applicable. International Inventories Country(s) or region **Inventory name** On inventory (yes/no)* Australia Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) Yes Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL) Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date Revision date	26-July-2016 -
Version No.	01
References	EPA: AQUIRE database NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank JIS Z 7250: 2005 Safety data sheet for chemical products-Part 1:Content and order of sections JCIA GHS Guideline, October 2008 IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices GOST 30333-2007 - Chemical production safety passport. General requirements
Disclaimer	All information in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations.